S.No. M22064 Course Code: 33419202

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VINAYAKA MISSION'S RESEARCH FOUNDATION, SALEM (Deemed to be University)

M.OPTOMETRY DEGREE EXAMINATION – December 2021

Second Semester

ADVANCED CONTACT LENS I

Three	Hours		Maximum: 100 marks	
I. Cho	oose the Best Answer :		$(20 \times 1 = 20)$	
1.	Diameter of scleral lens is			
	a) 10-15mm b) 15	6-20mm c) 15-25mm	d) 10-25mm	
2.	How can we increase the Axial edge lift?			
	a) by increasing optic zone s	ize b) by decrea	asing optic zone size	
	c) by increasing peripheral curve d) by decreasing peripheral curve			
3.	Horizontal visible iris diameter(HVID) is			
	a) 10.5 mm b) 11.00 r	mm c) 12.00 mm	d) 11.7 mm	
4.	Effects of Corneal hypoxia – all except			
	a) Corneal dehydration	b) Stromal acidos	sis	
	c) Osmotic imbalance d) Corneal edema			
5.	Permeability of RGP lens increased by all except			
	a) Increase cross linking	b) Improved surf	ace characteristic	
	c) Decrease cross linking d) Higher temperature			
6.	Method used to prevent rotation of toric contact lens			
	a) Lenticular eye modification	on b) Prism ballast		
	c) Blinding		ontact lens optics	
7.	Who devised the first contact lens for keratoconus			
	a) William b) Xavi	ier c) Adolf fick	d) Eugene Kact	
8.	In general, ATR corneal astigmatism frequently creates problems with			
	a) poor lateral centration	b) poor vertical c	entration	
	c) lens falling out	d) difficulty with	lens removal	
9	Dellen formation is commonly found in			
	a) central cornea	b) peripheral corr	nea	
	c) nasal conjunctiva	d) temporal conju	ınctiva	
10.	What % of oxygen is required to prevent corneal oedema?			
		c. 15% d. 20%		
11.	type of solution	n is used for eye dryness a	nd irritation	
	a) Saline Solution	b) Rewetting solution		
	c) Enzymatic solution d) Cleaning solution			
12.	Which of the following is an	contraindication of conta	act lens	
	a) Symblepheron	b) Keratoplasty		
	c) Coloboma	d) Iridocyclitis		

(p.t.o)

13.	Which of the following is not an enzymatic cleaners?			
	a) Papain b) Pancreatin			
	c) Ployaminopropyl d) Subtilisin			
14.	Soaking solution maintains lens			
	a) Hydrated state b) Dehydrated state			
	c) Synergic action d) Sensitization			
15.	What are the primary indications for the use of a therapeutic contact lens?			
	a) Neurotrophic keratitis b) Neuroparalytic keratitis			
	c) Herpes simplex keratitis d) None of the above			
16.	How many quadrants can be steepened by ACT technology?			
	a) 4 b) 3 c) 2 d) 1			
17.	Peri ballast technique utilizes the minus carrier design at the edge.			
	a) Minus carrier b) Plus carrier			
	c) High minus carrier d) Aspheric lens			
18.	Total diameter is depend on			
	a) HVID b) limbus width c) corneal sagittal height d) all the above			
19	Edge lift is decreased by changing the angle of			
•	a) Optic zone b) transitional zone c) landing zone d) all the above			
20.	Second assessment of lens edge should be done after			
	a) 3-4hrs of lens wear b) 1day after lens wear			
	c) 2days after lens wear d) 8 hrs of lens wear			
II .Wr	ite an Essay on: $(4 \times 10 = 40)$			
21.	Explain functions of tear film and their properties. Explain different layers of tear film			
	and their secretion.			
22.	Explain the relationship between sag, base curve and diameter and their rule of thumb			
	with examples.			
23.	Types of fit in Toric Cornea with Toric Contact Lens.			
24.	Soft contact lens after radial keratotomy.			
	rite an Long Essay on: $(2 \times 20 = 40)$			
25.	Discuss in detail the ideal fitting for a RGP lens with specific instruction of maintenance of the lens.			
26.	Define keratoconus and its complications on fitting contact lens.			

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